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Mobile Edge Cloud Motivation, Implementation, Challenges

Oberseminar
Dresden 12.06.2018

Motivation in 5G

Cloud Computing so far

Public Clouds

- Flexibility
 - Varying degree of resources
- Scalability
 - Blueprints allow repeated deployment
- Reliability
 - Data-center uptime, fault recognition, backups and snapshots
 - Distributed geographically
- Convenience
 - Administration only on booked VMs, not on underlying infrastructure



IRON ROUTER —

In effort to shut down Telegram, Russia blocks Amazon, Google network addresses

Russian censors up ante in effort to block secure chat by political opposition.

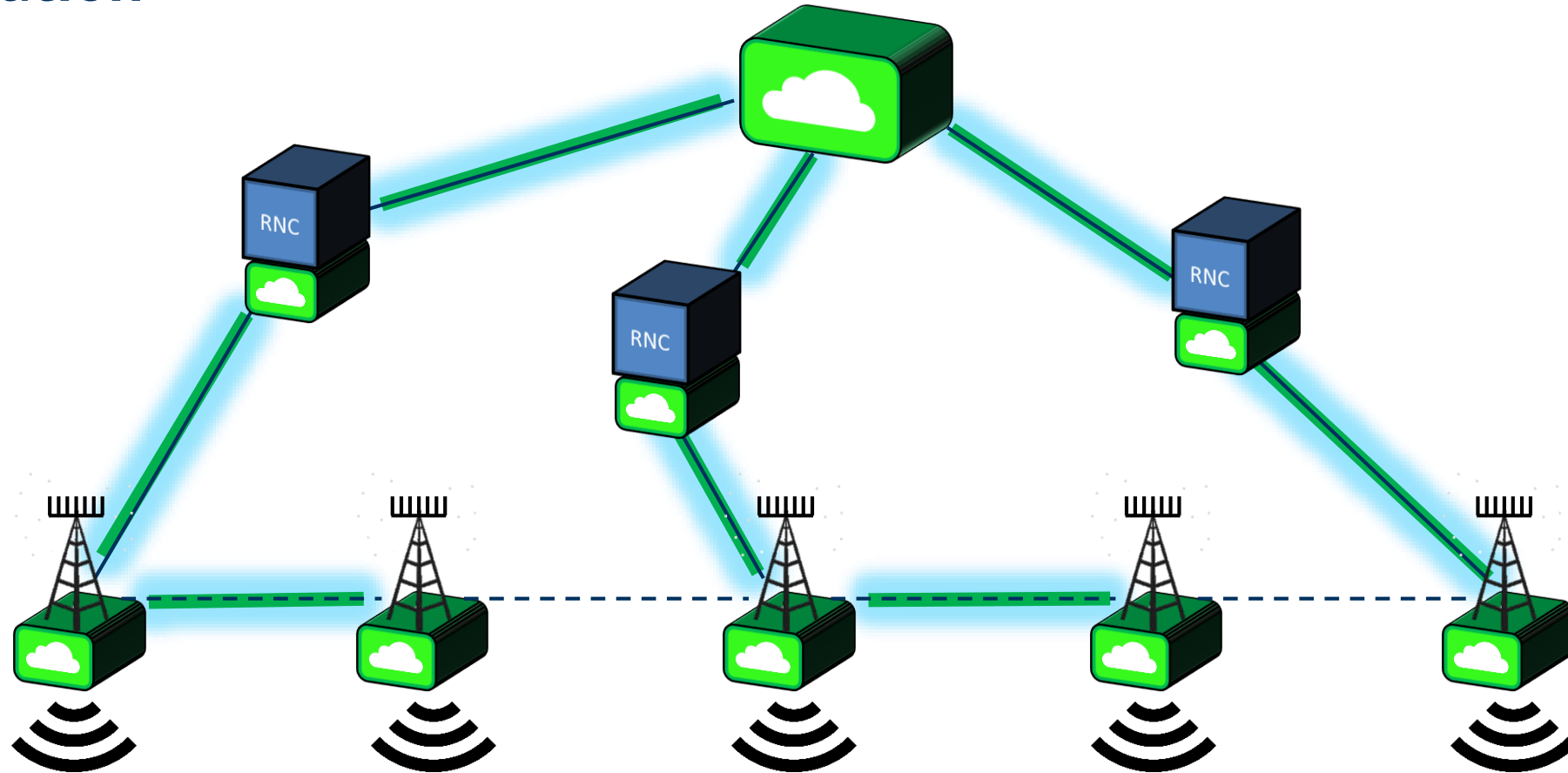
SEAN GALLAGHER - 4/17/2018, 8:35 PM



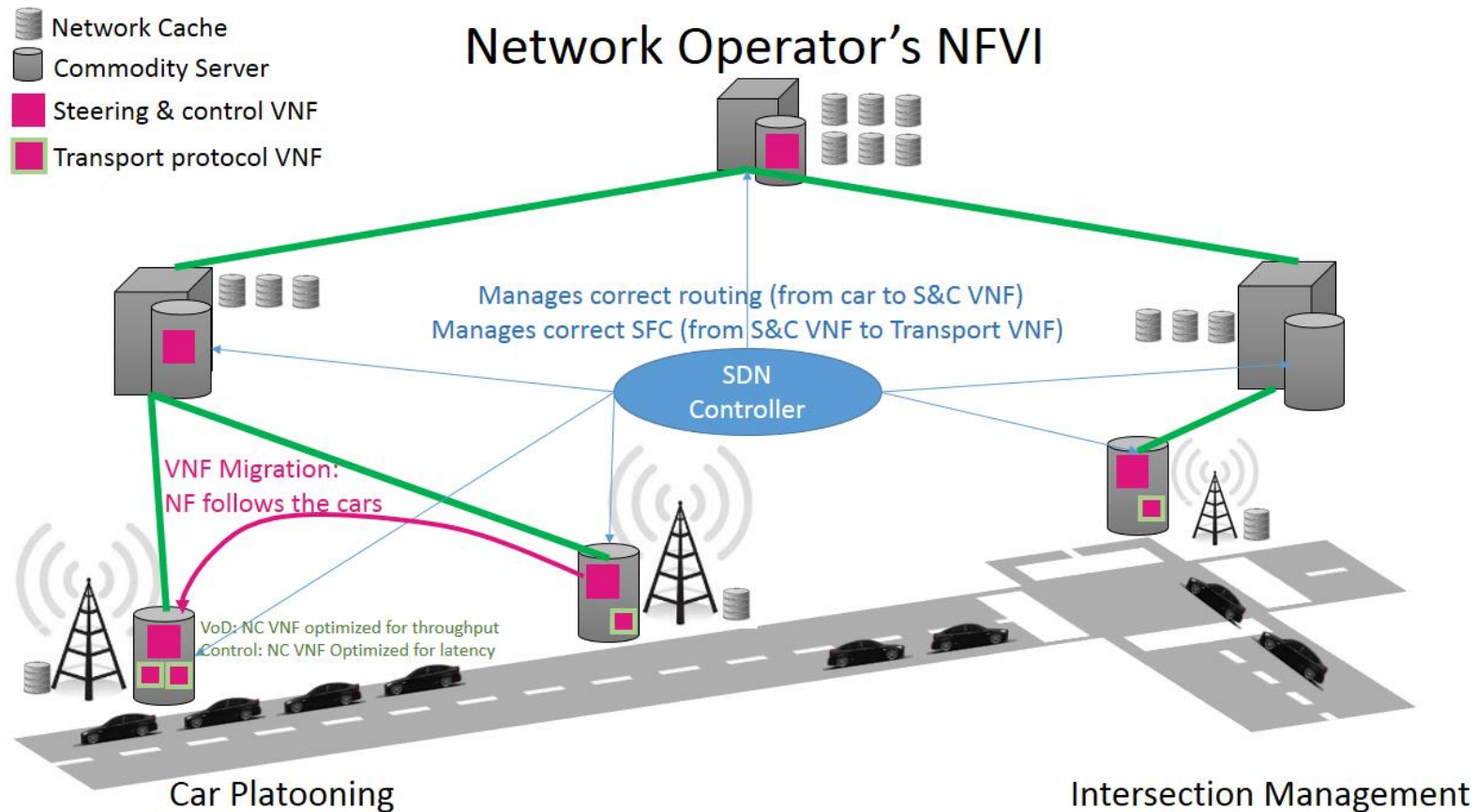
Carl Court / Getty Images

[Enlarge](#)

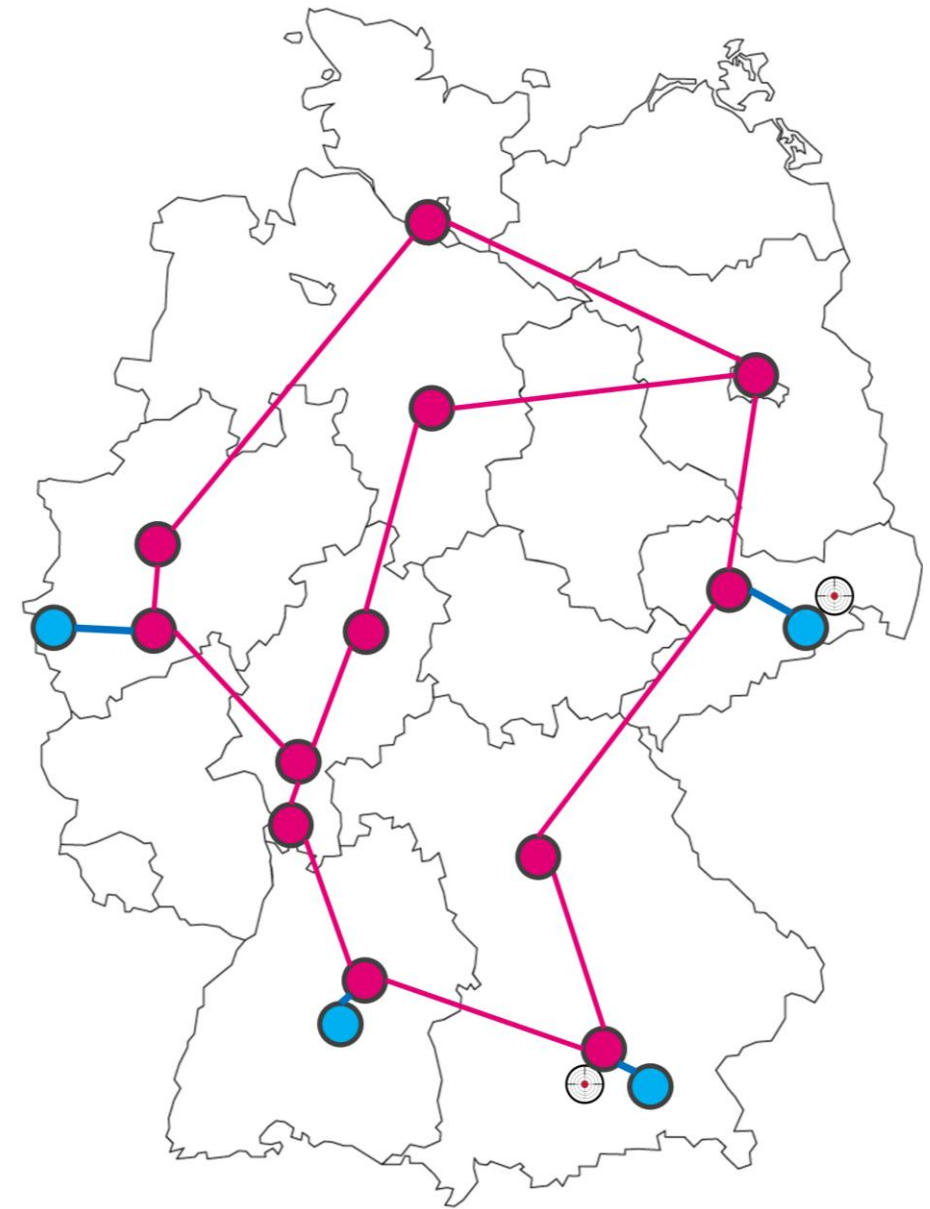
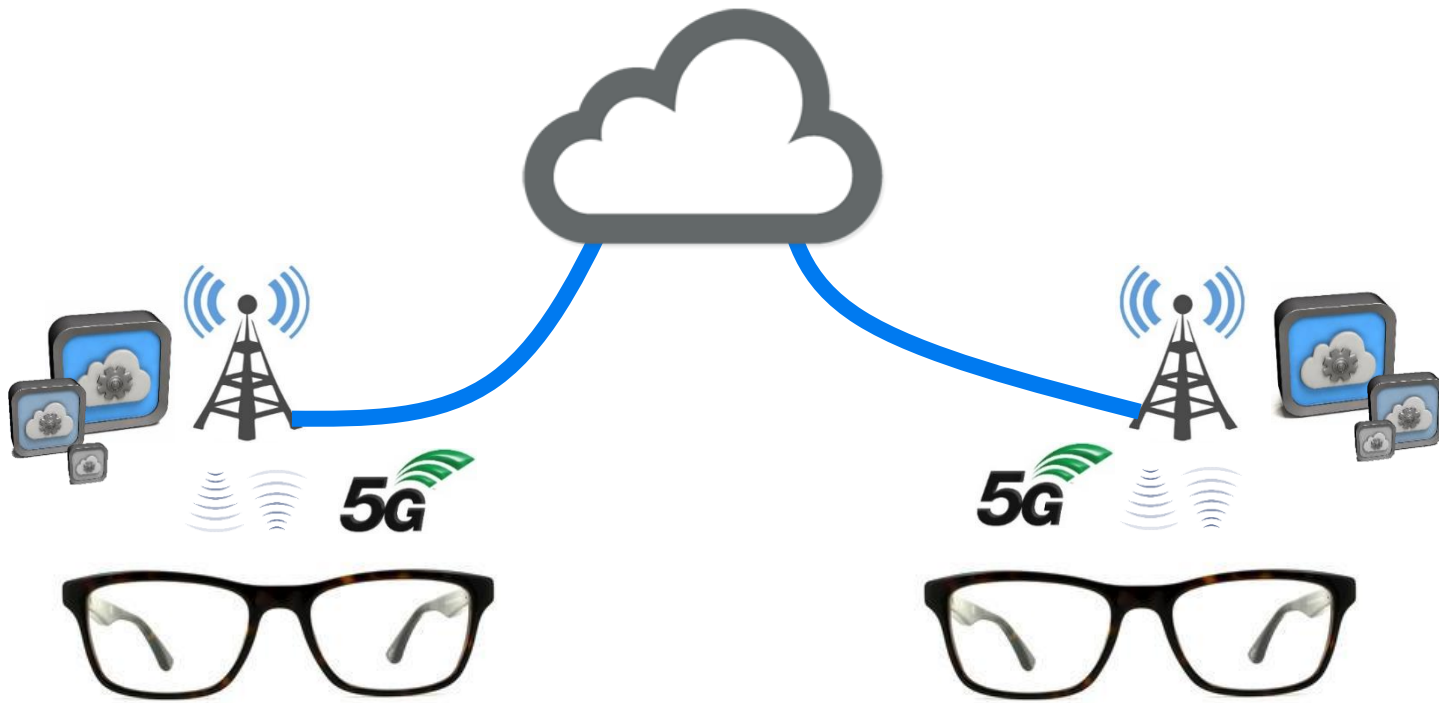
Application



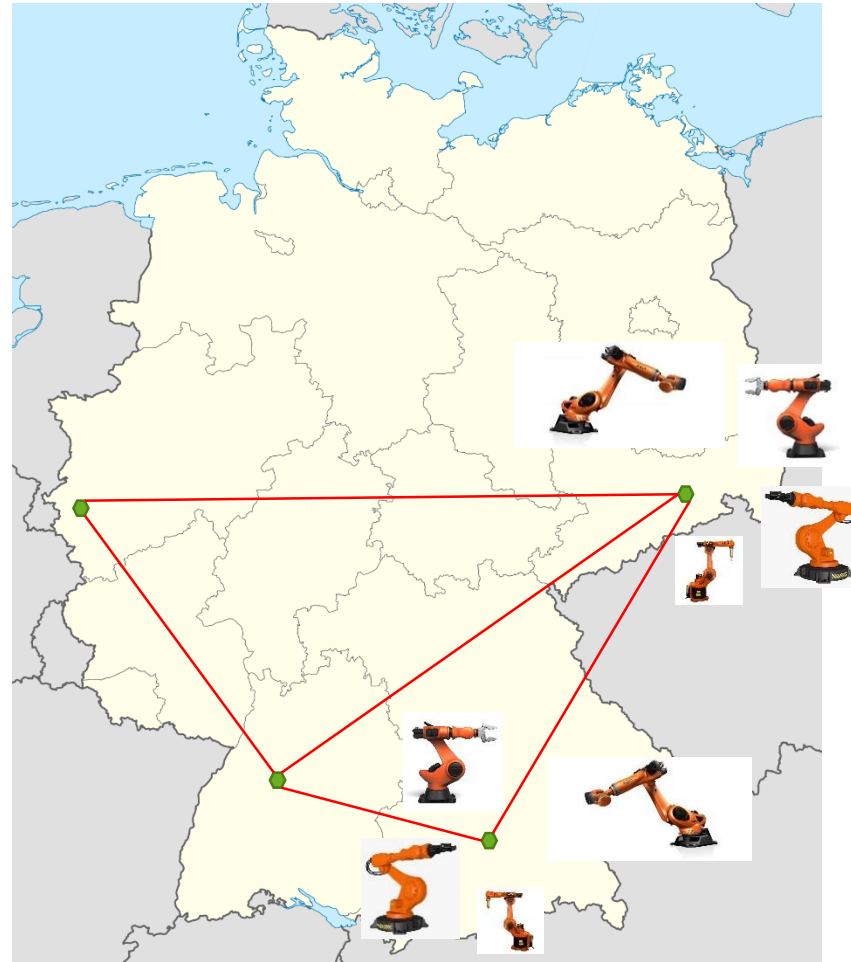
Use Cases - I



Use Cases - II



Use Cases - III



Use Cases - IV



Changes to Cloud Infrastructure?

Distributed

Distributed, but bigger spatial diversity

On-demand

On-demand, but with faster deployment

Scaleable

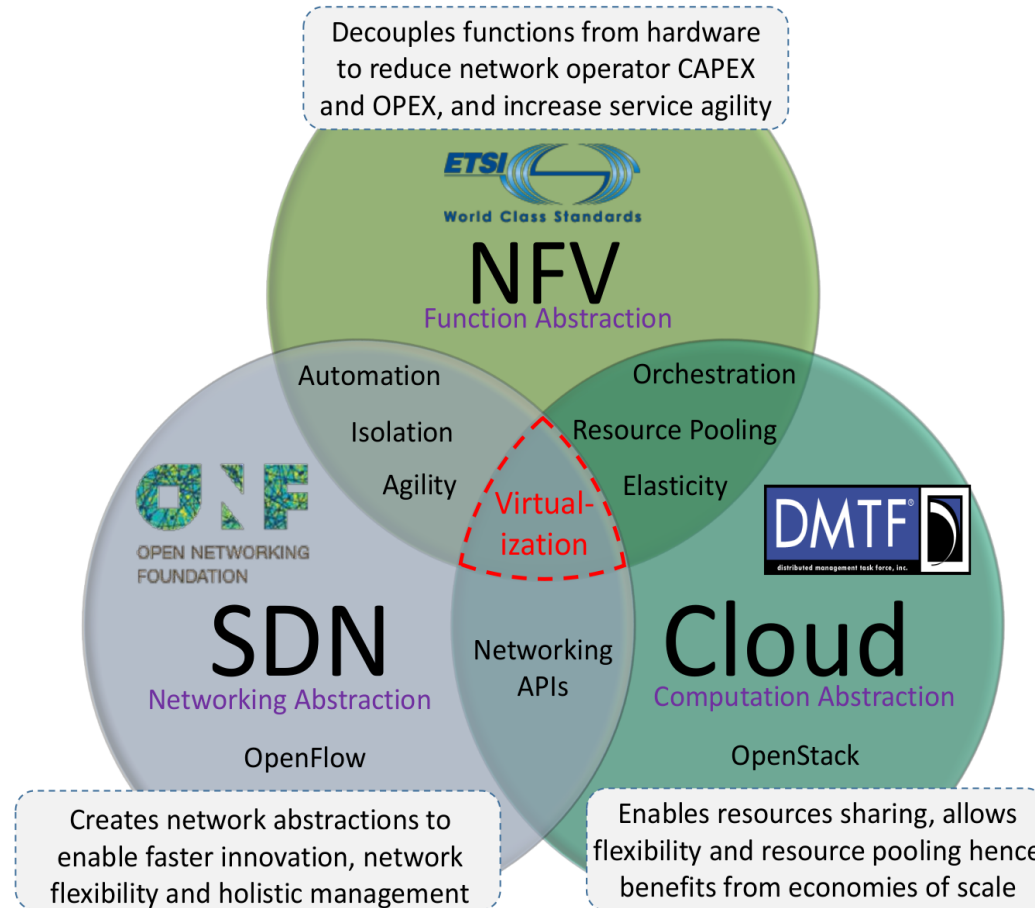
Scaleable, but with even more devices

Reliable

Reliable, but 5G compliant

Implementation

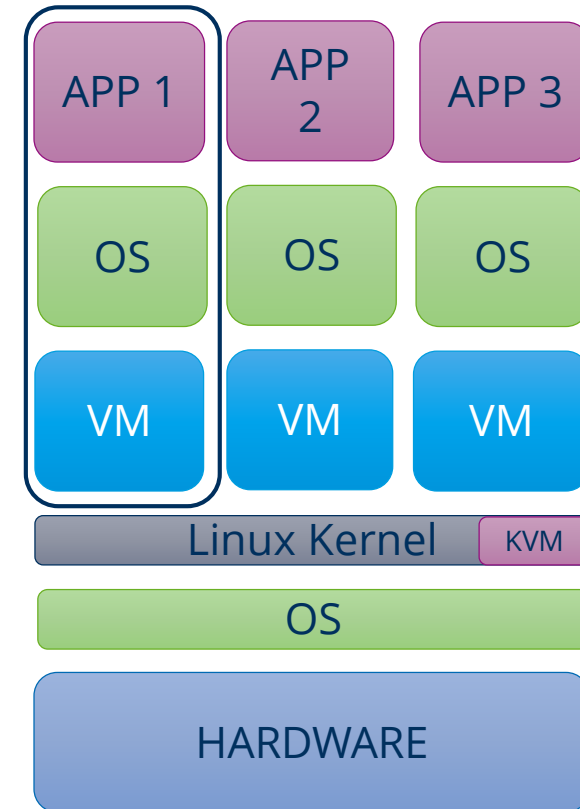
Key Technology



Mijumbi, Rashid, et al. "Network function virtualization: State-of-the-art and research challenges." IEEE Communications Surveys & Tutorials 18.1 (2016): 236-262.

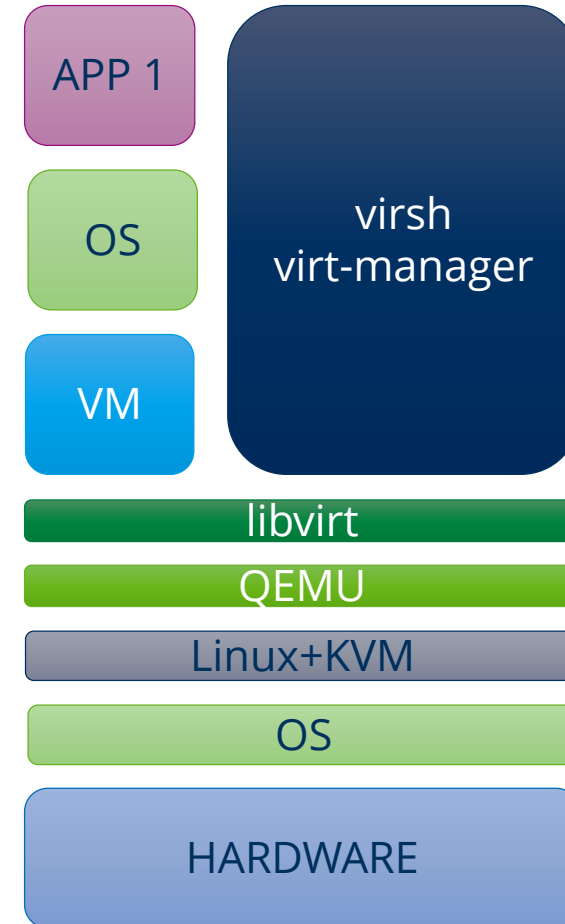
KVM - I

- KVM is a virtualization infrastructure
- It uses the Linux Kernel as a hypervisor
→ Type 2
 - Part of kernel since 2007
- Benefits from hardware extensions: Intel VT-x, AMD-V
- QEMU (Quick EMUlator) provides virtualized hardware

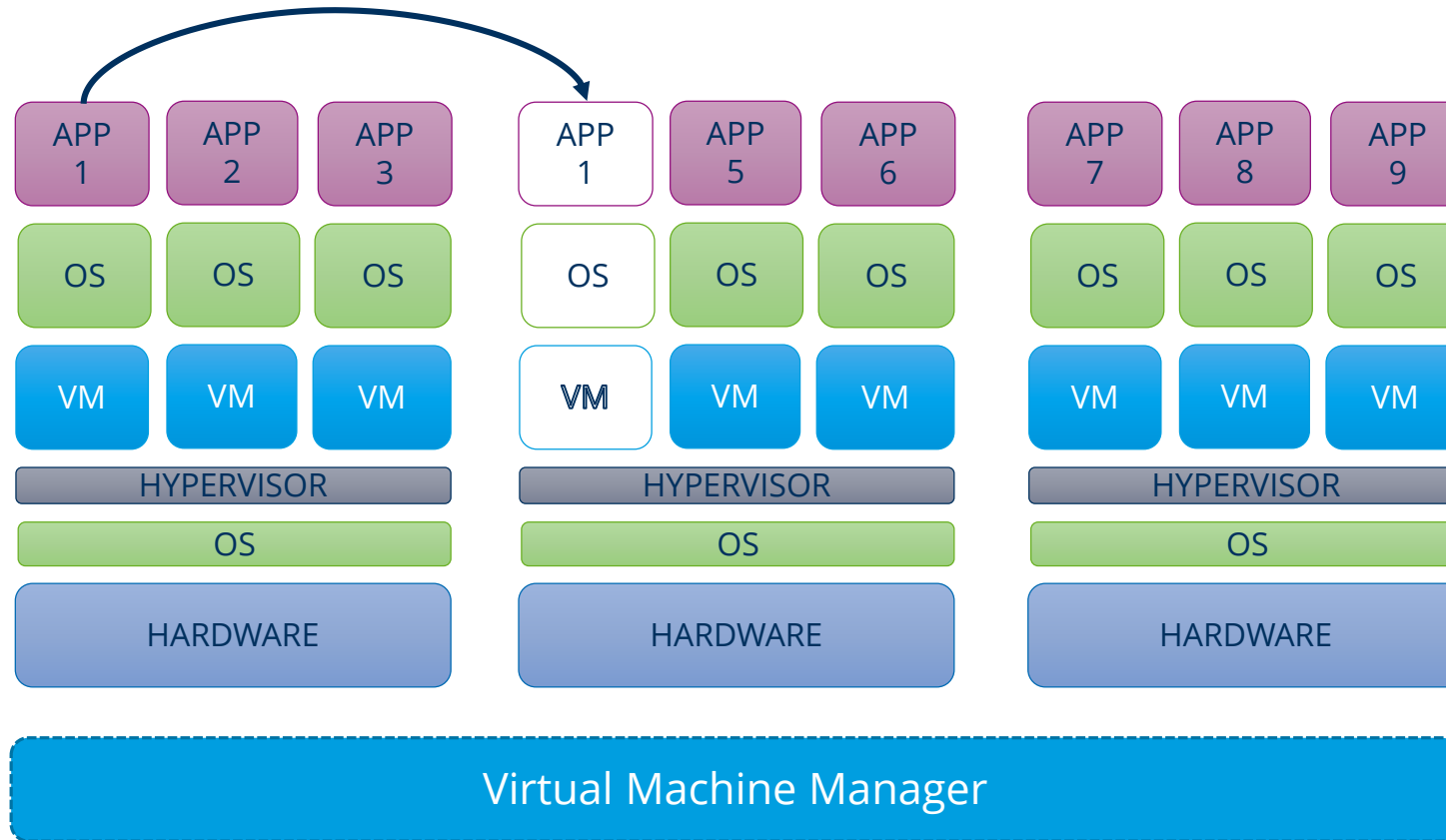


KVM - II

- QEMU (Quick EMUlator) provides virtualized hardware
- Libvirt is the API for lifecycle management
- Possible interfaces for VM management: virsh, virt-manager, Openstack



Migration General Structure



Reasons for Live Migration

Provider Perspective

- Load balancing
 - In case of overloaded network
- Proactive fault tolerance
 - If monitoring indicates imminent failure
- Power management
 - Consolidation of VMs so hosts can be shut down
- Resource sharing
 - In case of overloaded CPU or memory
- Online system maintenance
 - Maintenance of hosts

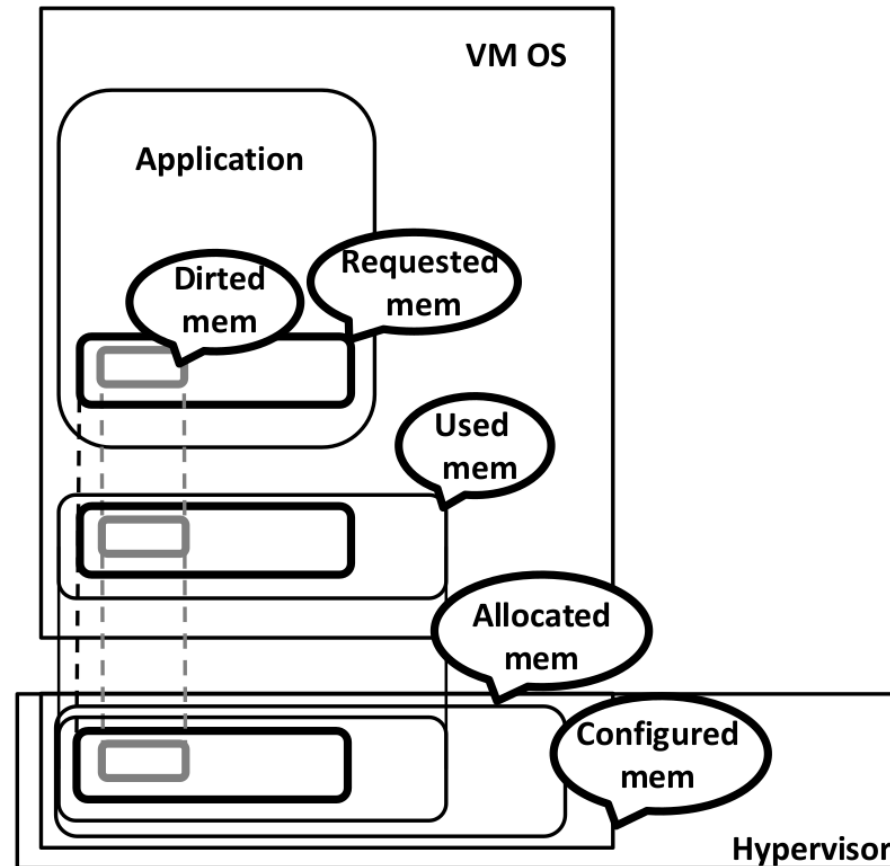
→ Generally performance-centric

Our Perspective (5G Networks)

- MEC – Continuous Service Delivery
 - The service has to be beneficial to the mobile device → offloading, communication, etc.
 - Stay in (close) proximity to device (for low latency requirements)
 - Always stay in „the middle“ of communicating users/devices (e.g. social VR applications)

→ Generally latency-centric

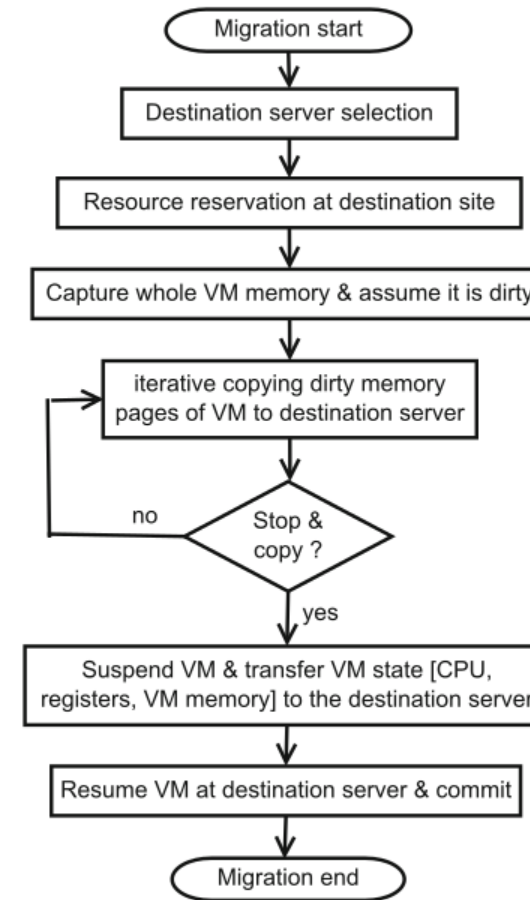
Virtual Machine Memory Layout



Hu, Wenjin, et al. "A quantitative study of virtual machine live migration." Proceedings of the 2013 ACM cloud and autonomic computing conference. ACM, 2013.

Live Migration - Pre-copy

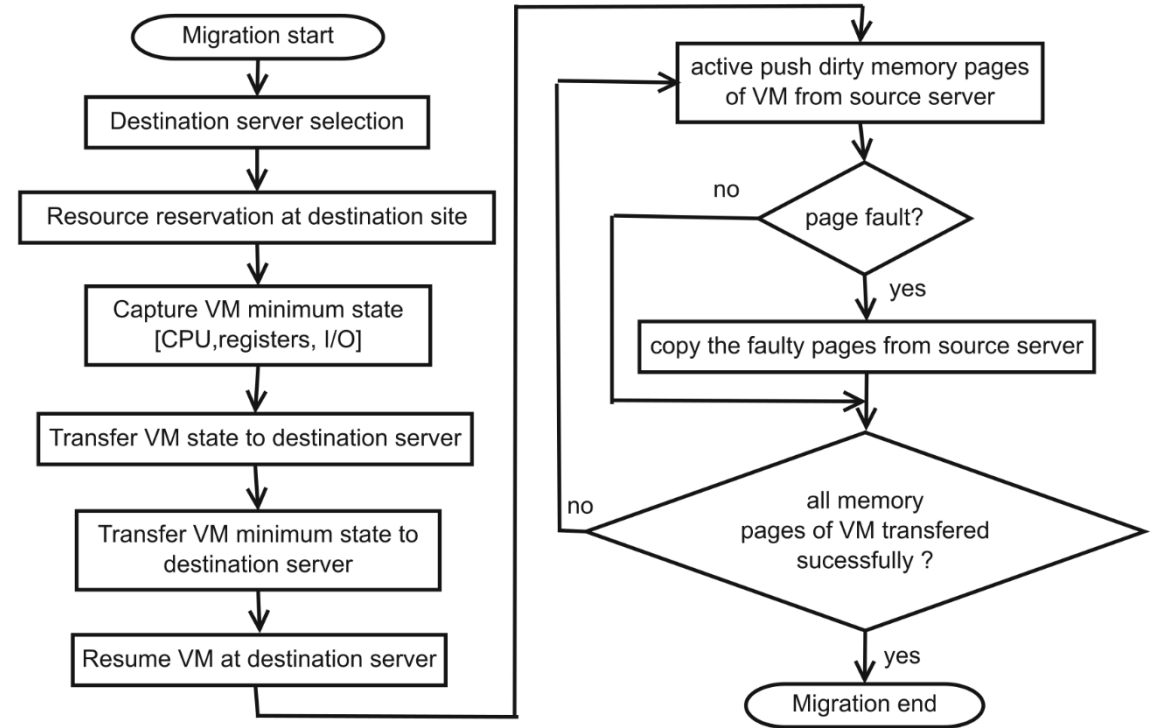
- Whole VM state is transmitted at the beginning
- Iteration: while running, dirty pages are resend
 - i) until total amount of memory has been sent
 - ii) number of iterations exceed previously set parameters
 - iii) number of dirty pages below threshold



Choudhary, Anita, et al. "A critical survey of live virtual machine migration techniques." *Journal of Cloud Computing* 6.1 (2017): 23.

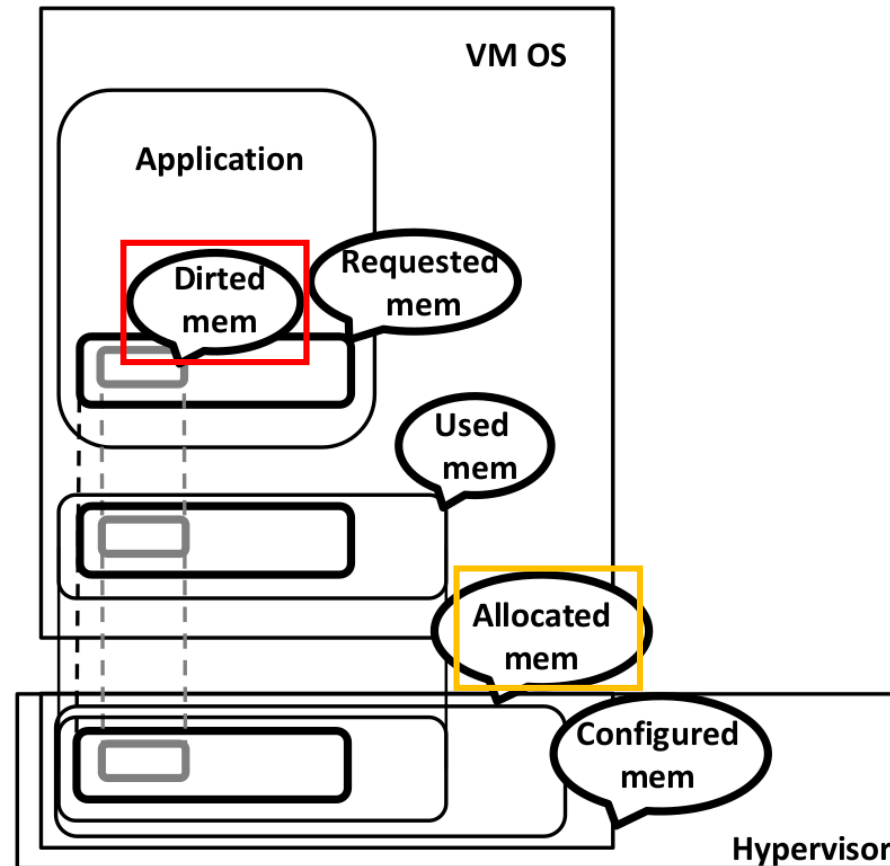
Live Migration - Post-copy

- Minimum VM state is transmitted at the beginning
- VM is started at destination
- Resend memory pages until all transferred



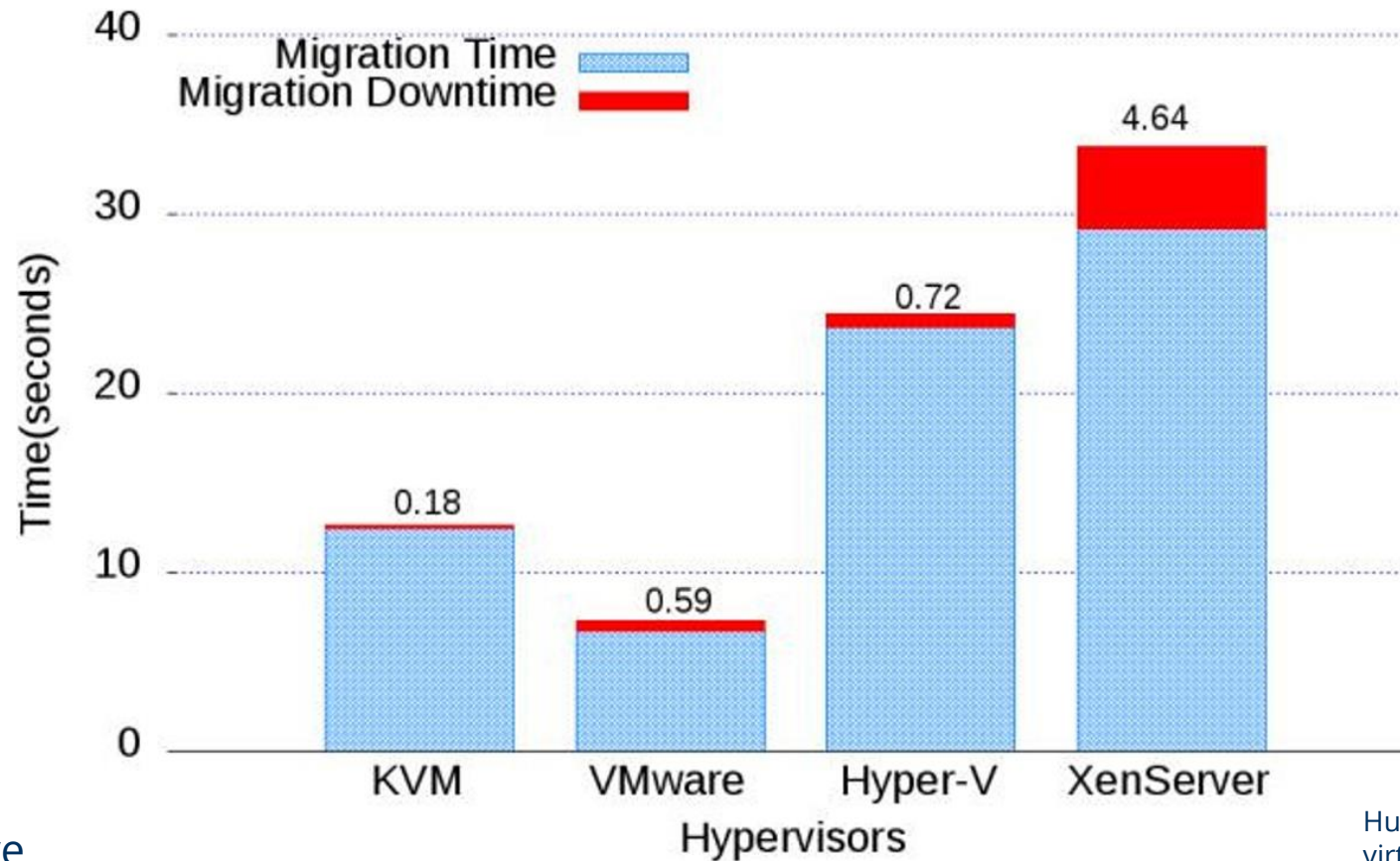
Choudhary, Anita, et al. "A critical survey of live virtual machine migration techniques." *Journal of Cloud Computing* 6.1 (2017): 23.

Virtual Machine Memory Layout



Hu, Wenjin, et al. "A quantitative study of virtual machine live migration." Proceedings of the 2013 ACM cloud and autonomic computing conference. ACM, 2013.

Virtual Machine Migration Times - Baseline



„Downtime represents the time that the VM being migrated was unresponsive to ping requests.“

Hu, Wenjin, et al. "A quantitative study of virtual machine live migration." Proceedings of the 2013 ACM cloud and autonomic computing conference. ACM, 2013.

Migration Scenarios

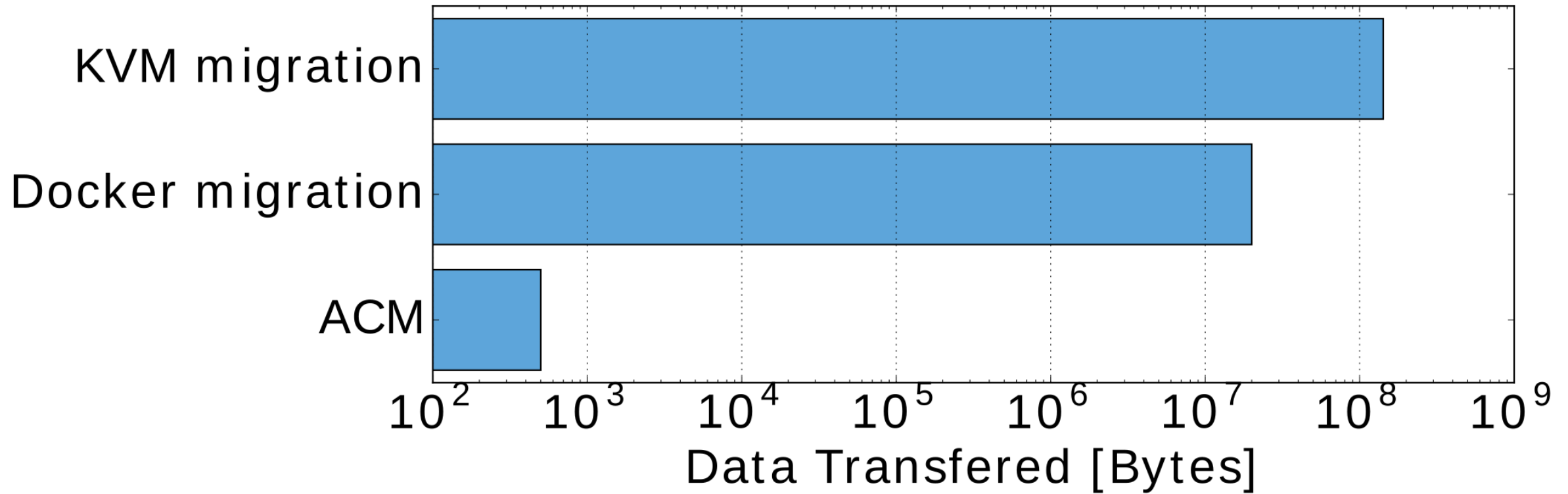
- Network intensive
 - E.g. web server responding to HTTP requests
- Memory intensive
 - E.g. Database server performing queries on in-memory database, memtest
- Storage intensive
 - E.g. searching inside files (read intensive)
- Compute intensive
 - E.g. calculation of Pi to nth digit, FFT calculations
- Any combination of these
 - E.g. offloading for computer vision (network + computation)



Container

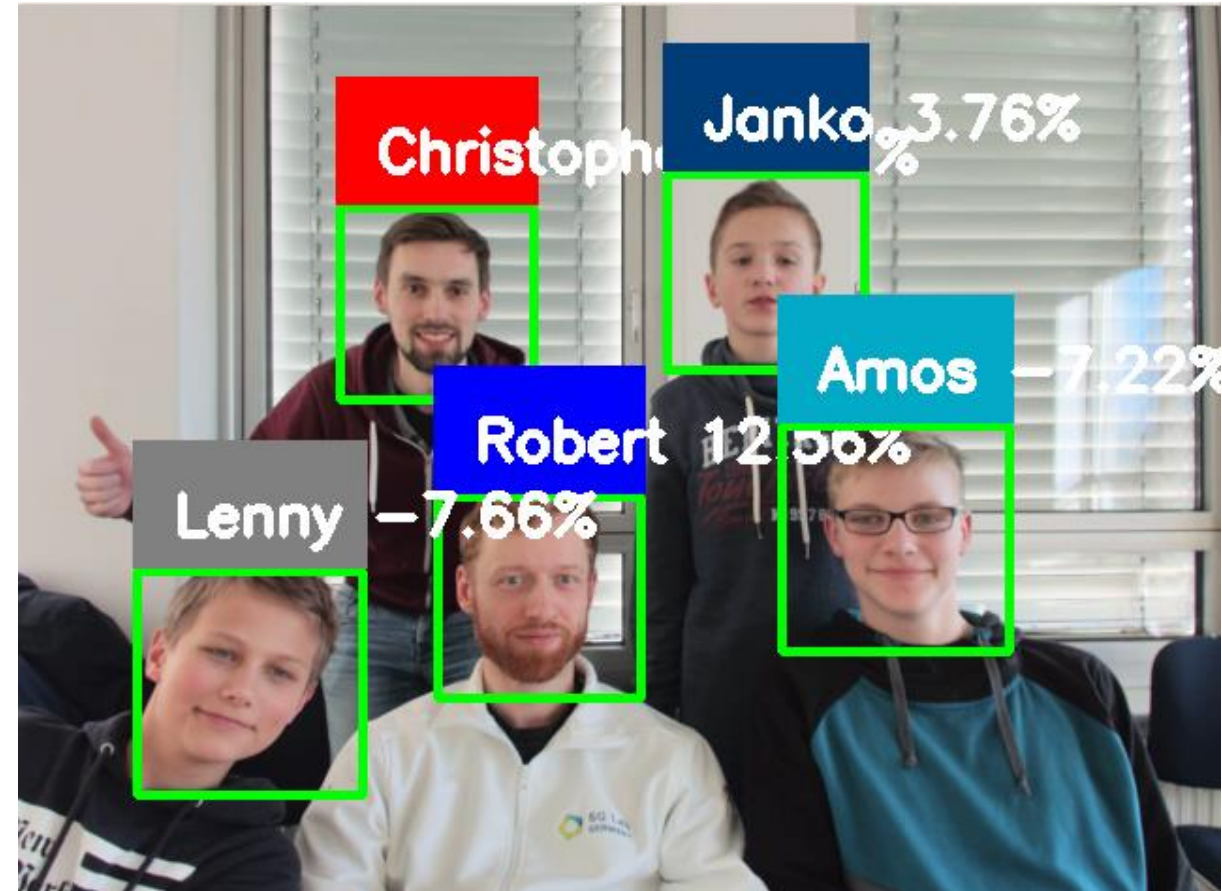
Migration

VMs

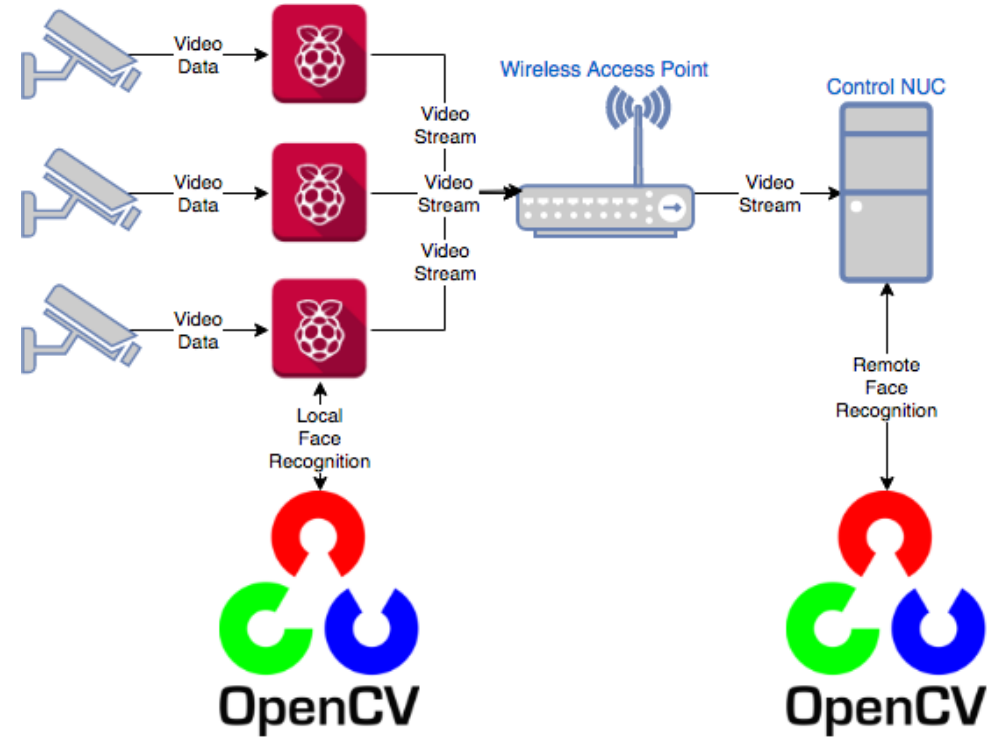


Possible Use Cases

- Object recognition
 - Computationally intensive
 - For command and control latency-critical
 - High bandwidth necessary when dealing with raw video data
 - Might improve with low-latency video codecs
 - → Alex' research
 - *fast music*

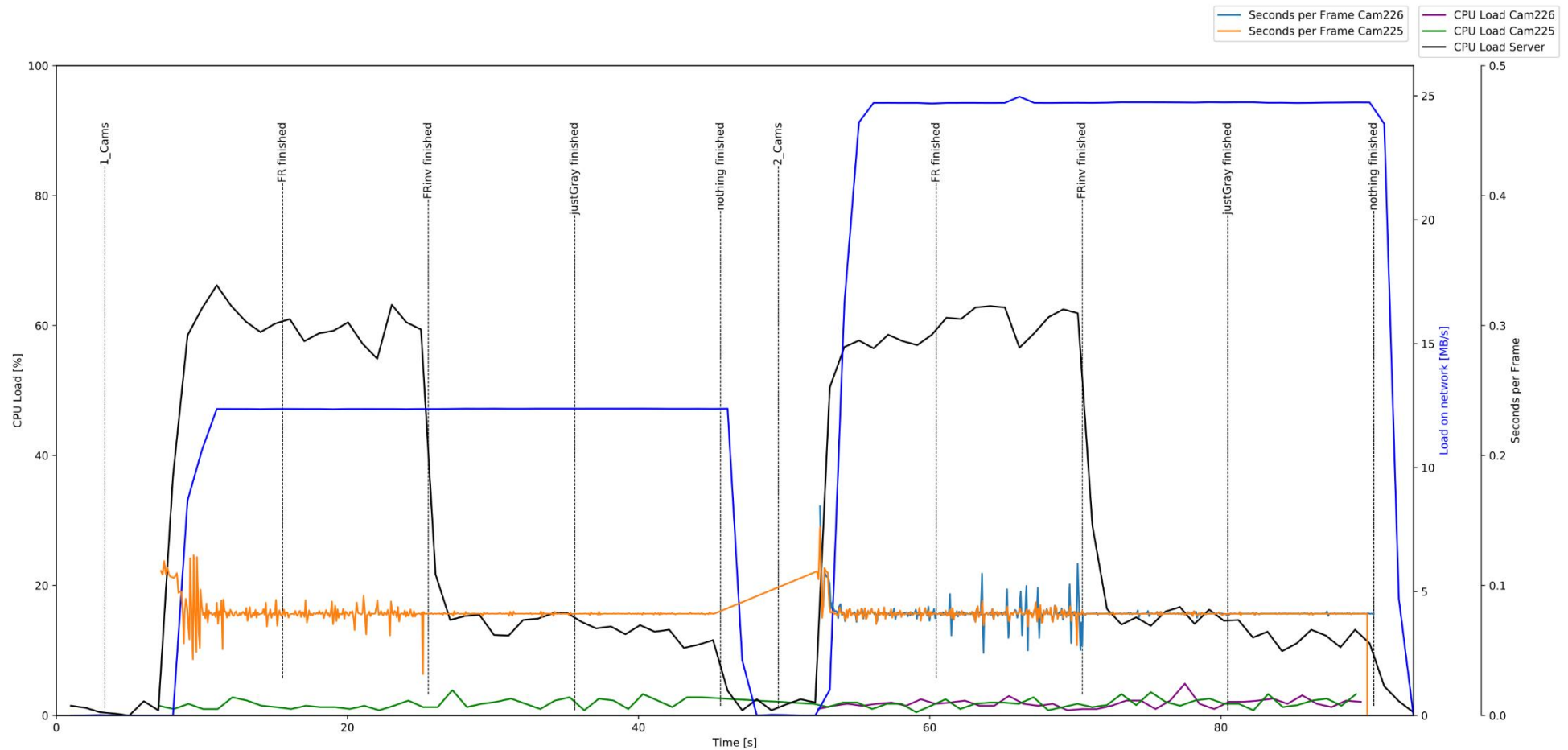


Computer Vision Testbed



Performance Comparison

One graph to rule them all!



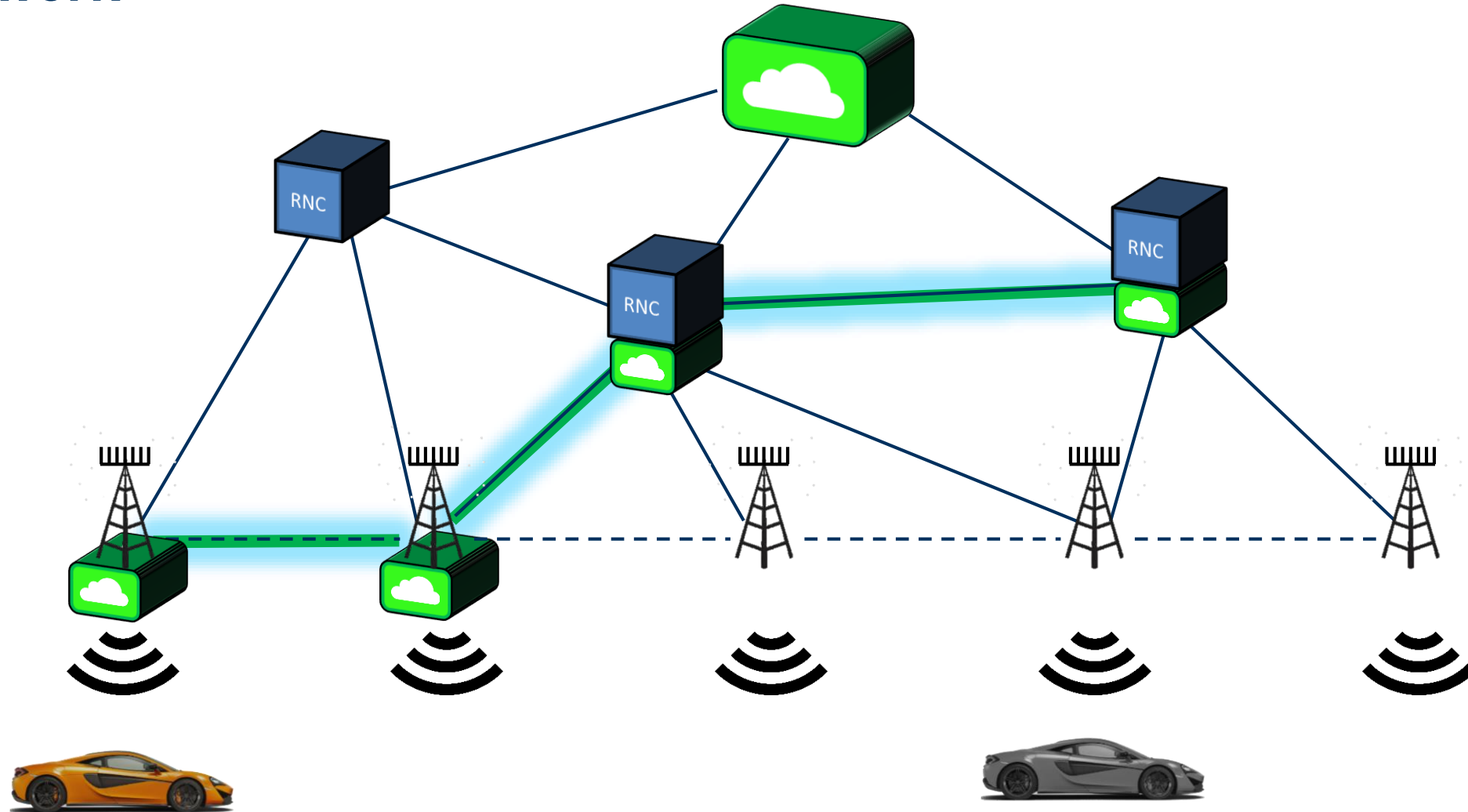
Face Recognition through streaming to Intel NUC

Conclusions

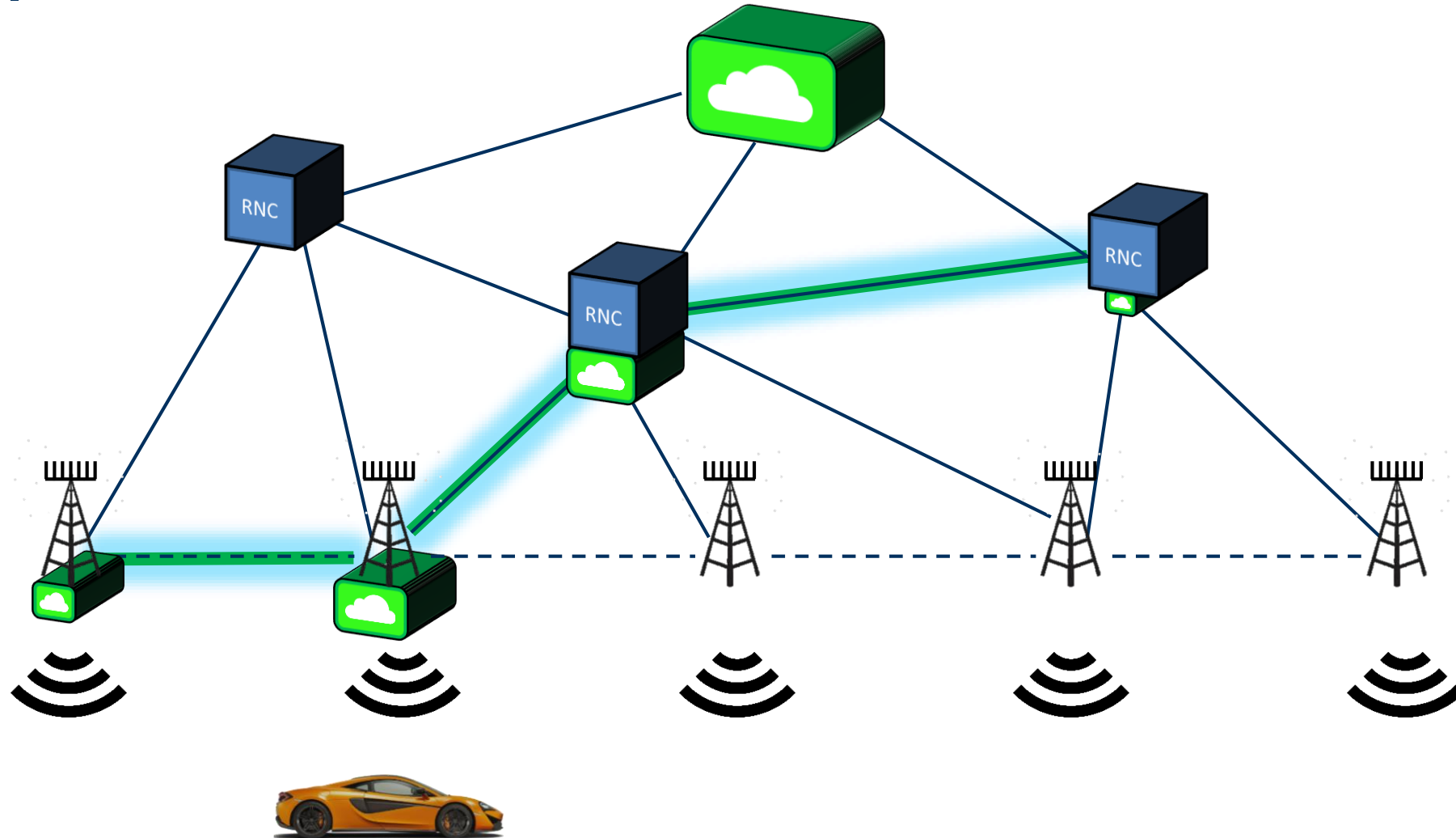
- Previous research focusses on data centers with live migration
- Baseline migration time is already very fast
 - Depending on the technology that is used
 - Might speed up with Containers <-> VMs
- Further experiments must include appropriate scenario
 - Modify scenario to fit possible application

Challenges

Network



Data - I



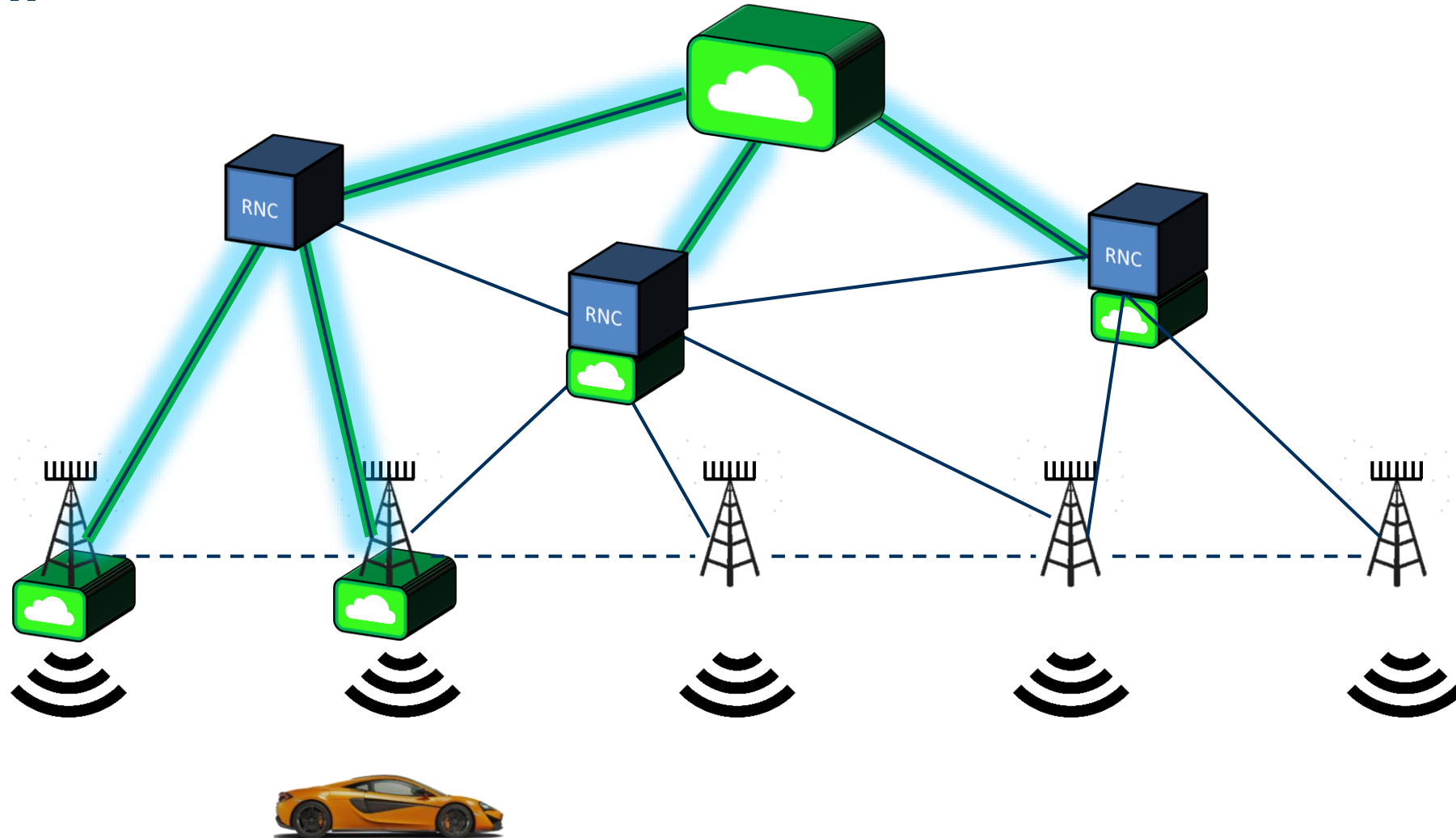
So...separating Framework and State?

The screenshot displays a web application interface for managing server locations. On the left, a world map shows server locations marked with colored clouds. On the right, a list of server statistics is shown:

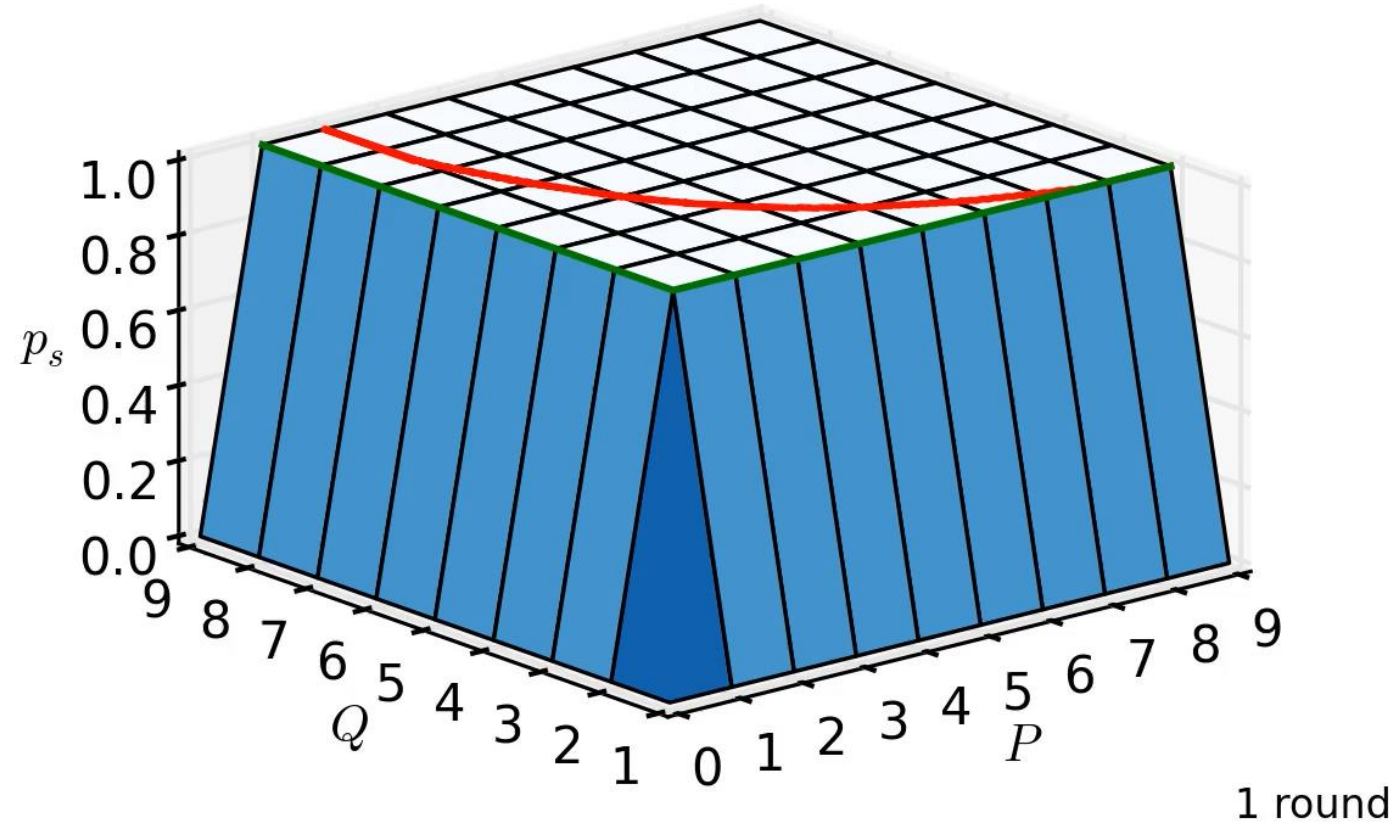
Location	Ping	Jitter	State
Edge cloud	1	3	idle
Frankfurt	51	2	idle
Oregon	217	5	idle
Tokyo	334	10	idle
Sao Paulo	359	10	active
Sydney	365	16	idle

Below the map, the text "© 2016 Deutsche Telekom AG" is visible. To the right, two browser windows show a game interface. The top window displays "SERVER: SAO PAULO PING: 349 ms JITTER: 14 ms". The bottom window displays "SERVER: SAO PAULO PING: 347 ms JITTER: 5 ms". Both windows show a game scene with a blue arrow pointing to a target.

Data - II



So...distributed data?



Thank you for your attention